



4.60

GRACE: KINDS AND REFUSAL



Name: _____ Date: _____

GRACE	
God's _____ or _____ to us.	The _____ in us of God's _____ or _____.

THREE KINDS OF GRACE
<p>Actual Grace: A supernatural _____ or _____ that activates the _____ to perform some action.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• God creates our will as a faculty of freely _____ the _____, and so He's able to act as a first cause within our _____, turning it towards and activating its desire for our true good.• God moves us to act _____ for the _____.• To perform a supernatural action like making a _____ in _____, the intellect and will need to be _____ by God's supernatural grace.• Actual grace is most dramatic in the case of a _____ because it's clear there that God's impulse is an absolute first beginning.• But after someone is in a state of grace, God continues to give many actual graces that _____ and _____ us to do good things.
<p>Habitual (Sanctifying) Grace: The _____ and lasting _____ of grace in the soul.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• When someone turns away from _____ and is _____, God infuses sanctifying grace into his soul.• Grace makes us sharers in the _____.• In the gift of habitual grace, the three divine Persons of the Holy Trinity come to _____ in the _____ in person.• Habitual grace becomes a stable _____ of the soul that really _____ the person from within.• Habitual grace brings with it infused supernatural _____ that perfect the person's _____.» Intellect perfected by _____» Will inflamed by _____
<p>Charismatic Grace: Non-sanctifying graces given for the spiritual _____ of _____.</p> <p>Ex. _____</p>



REFUSAL OF GRACE

"God desires all men to be _____ and to come to the knowledge of the _____."
—1 Timothy 2:4

- Whenever a creature chooses to sin or to refuse God's offer of grace, the fault is then on the side of the _____. God is never the cause of our _____ or of our _____, and he predestines no one to evil or to damnation.
- In fact, Christ's cross is _____. It is more than sufficient to save the whole world, and God offers to all a grace sufficient for _____.
- So, if some are not in fact saved, it's due to their culpable refusal of God's _____.
- When we turn away from God, we focus our minds and our wills on some _____ that is less than Him.
- This erects an _____ to the graces that God otherwise would give us.
- Aquinas thinks that God very often does give us special _____ to change the evil wills of sinners and to turn them back to Himself.

Comprehension question: Explain Aquinas' analogy for grace using the sun. What does this illustrate about the refusal of grace?