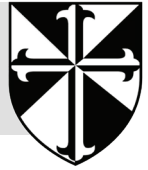




5.66

JUSTICE



Name: _____ Date: _____

Words to know:

anthropology (*the study of the human person*), inherently (*in a permanent, essential, or characteristic way*), distributive (*referring to each individual of a group, not to the group collectively*), commutative (*relating to transactions between people*)

For Aquinas, the human person is a _____ and _____ animal.

As a result, Aquinas recognizes that human life is inherently _____.

JUSTICE:

- » Establishes _____ with others.
- » The perpetual and constant _____ to render each one his _____.

DUE (*ius/iustum*):

- » What is _____ to another
- » The _____ of justice
- » That to which someone has a legitimate _____ or _____

Claims established by nature:	Claims established by law:

SPECIES OF JUSTICE

General or Legal Justice:

- » An individual's rendering what is owed to the _____ community
- » The parts rendering what is due to the _____

Distributive Justice:

- » The political community's rendering what it owes to the _____
- » The _____ rendering what is due to the _____





Commutative Justice:

- » An individual's rendering what is owed to _____
- » A part rendering what is due to another _____

SINS AGAINST JUSTICE
Sins Against Distributive Justice: _____ of _____ (political authority distribute communal goods to individuals not according to right but to some other unjust or irrelevant criteria)
Sins Against Commutative Justice:
In deed:
In speech: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reviling—Unjustly dishonoring someone _____• Backbiting—Unjustly dishonoring someone _____• Tale-Bearing—Seeking to destroy unjustly another's _____• Derision—Seeking to _____ another unjustly.• Cursing
Restitution for Sins Against Justice: Every sin against justice requires that _____ be made to the one injured.

» PIETY:

- » Gift of the Holy Spirit associated with _____
- » A Spirit-taught _____ for _____
- » Inclines the Christian to offer easily and joyfully the _____ and _____ due to the _____

» MEEKNESS:

- » _____ associated with justice
- » Removes all possible _____ to _____ and piety

Comprehension question: Give one example each of 1) general/legal justice, 2) distributive justice, and 3) commutative justice as it is practiced in our country today.

