



Name: _____

Date: _____

Words to know:

illusory (not real), static (unchanging), continuity (continuing in a state of stability), inclinations (dispositions toward certain conditions and actions)

HERACLITUS: Everything is _____	PARMENIDES: Everything is _____
<p>There is nothing _____ in the world.</p> <p>Everything is in _____.</p> <p>There are not stable natures or properties of things.</p>	<p>Denies that there is any real _____ happening.</p> <p>"Change" is _____.</p> <p>The ultimate bedrock of reality is unchanging and static.</p>

ARISTOTLE ON NATURE

- Against both these extreme positions, Aristotle argued both that there is real _____ in the world, but also that there is _____ in things.
- "In the things that were before, there _____ the things that are now."
- Essence or nature: that which _____ amidst the change, that which IS and that which WAS.
- The natural kind is a principle of _____ and development.
- Aristotle describes nature as "a principle or cause of _____ and _____ in that to which it (the nature) belongs."
- The nature is the thing that _____, but also the thing that helps organize all the _____ happening in the thing.
- Because things have _____ we can rely upon them to act in predictable and identifiable ways. It is partly for this reason that certain features of the intelligible universe are described in terms of _____. Namely, things operate with a kind of persistence because of the type of thing that they are.
- So, though some natural things may fail to achieve their perfection... we can basically rely upon things to act in predictable and _____ ways always or for the most part.

NATURAL LAW

This metaphysical observation lays the groundwork for the _____.
_____. There's a law at work in nature which inclines unto flourishing or
_____.

NATURE OF NON-RATIONAL ANIMALS	NATURE OF RATIONAL ANIMAL (Human)
Seek their own good through: <ul style="list-style-type: none">•••	Operations of intellect and _____ Seek their own good through: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Life in _____• Virtuous _____• Search for the _____
Nature gives rise to _____. From these natural inclinations we can begin to seek the basis for the precepts of the _____: ethical norms that allow human beings to tend to the proper _____.	

Comprehension question:

Think about yourself as a kindergartner. What about you has changed since then? What has remained the same?